

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL

NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY CENTRAL SECURITY SERVICE

| 9. | To: | Chief, D14 | κ | Date: 12 August 201 | 5 | |
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| | From: | Cinci, D14 | | Date. 12 August 201 | , | |
| | Subject: | | • | False Statements | | |
| | File No: | IV-15-0012 | | | (b) (3) -P.L. 86-36 (b) (6) | |
| | Precedence: | Routine | | | | |
| (b) (6) | Purpose: | To provide a summ case be closed. | ary report of investigati | on and recommend that | the • | |
| | ·Details: | | К | | (b)(3)-P.L. 86-36 | |
| | I. (U) Backg | round | | | | |
| | (U//FOUC) On 5 September 2014, the OIG received a referral from the NSA Office of Security regarding contractor employee During a security interview and polygraph examination on disclosed that an NSA contractor, misrepresented its qualifications for a special federal program administered by the Small Business Administration (SBA). The program, 8a Business Development (BD), requires the participant company to be 51 percent directly and unconditionally owned by one or more socially and economically disadvantaged individuals who are citizens of the United States. The benefits of the program include favorable consideration for sole-source contracts. (U//FOUC) In order to meet the criteria for the program, reported to the SBA in its application in 2005- 2006 that partner presumably a qualifying socially and economically disadvantaged individual, owns 51 percent of the company when in fact he owns only 40 percent. According to the true ownership breakdown of the company among three partners is owning 40 percent. | | | | | |
| | company exite | ing this period, | February 2015 under SI | on on 2 February 2006. 3A's 9-year limitation for y contracts with the N | or the | |

| (U//FOUO) The OIG conducted this investigation with assistance from DCIS Special |
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| Agent and SBA OIG Investigators and On |
| 27 May 2015, Agent informed NSA OIG that SBA OIG did not intend to |
| investigate the matter further following the outcome of a meeting with attorneys. |
| According to the facts were too "murkey" and prosecution was unlikely. |
| (U// FOUO) On Leo J. Wise, Assistant United Sates Attorney for the District of Maryland, declined to accept the case for criminal prosecution. |
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| II. (U) Issue(s) |
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| (U// FOUO) Did misrepresent its ownership information to the SBA to meet the |
| requirements of the 8a BD program and, thereby, receive favorable consideration for |
| contracts with the NSA? |

III. (U) Applicable Standard(s)

- (U) 18 U.S.C. § 1001 Statements or Entries Generally
 - (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, whoever, in any matter within the jurisdiction of the executive ... branch of the Government of the United States, knowingly and willfully—
 - (1) falsifies, conceals, or covers up by any trick, scheme, or device a material fact;
 - (2) makes any materially false, fictitious, or fraudulent statement or representation; or
 - (3) makes or uses any false writing or document knowing the same to contain any materially false, fictitious, or fraudulent statement or entry; shall be fined under this title, imprisoned not more than 5 years or ... both.
- (U) Federal Acquisition Regulations (FAR), Subpart 19.802 "Selecting Concerns for the 8a Program"

Selecting concerns for 8a Program is the responsibility of the SBA and is based on criteria established in 13 CFR 124.101-112.

- (U) 13 CFR 124.101 What are the basic requirements a concern must meet for the 8(a) BD program?
 - Generally, a concern meets the basic requirements . . . if it is a small business which is unconditionally owned and controlled by one or more socially and economically disadvantaged individuals who are of good character and citizens of and residing in the United States, and which demonstrates potential for success.
- (U) 13 CFR 124.105 What does it mean to be unconditionally owned by one or more disadvantaged individuals?
 - An applicant or Participant must be at least 51 percent unconditionally and directly owned by one or more socially and economically disadvantaged individuals who are citizens of the United States, except for concerns owned by

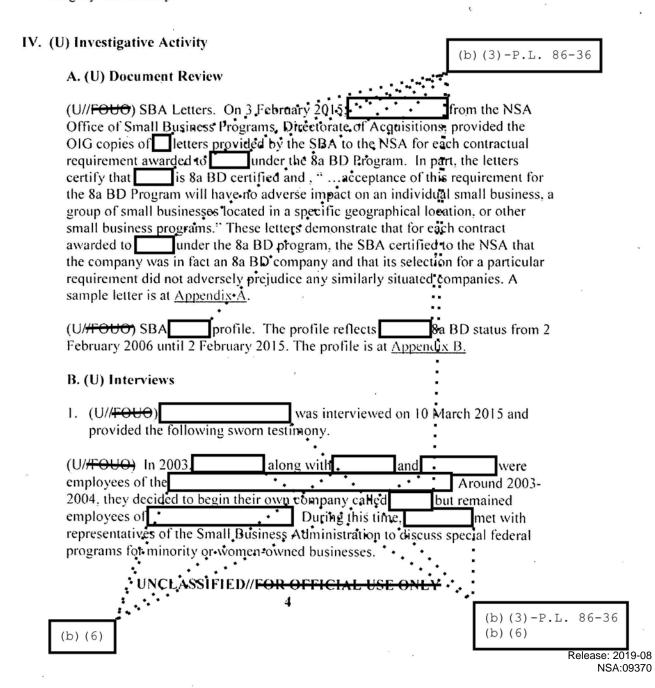
Indian tribes Alaska Native Corporations, Native Hawaiians Organizations, or Community Development Corporations (CDCs). . . .

- (U) 13 CFR 124.103 Who is socially disadvantaged?
 - (b) Members of designated groups. (1) There is a rebuttable presumption that the following individuals are socially disadvantaged: Black Americans; Hispanic Americans; Native Americans (Alaska Natives, Native Hawaiians, or enrolled members of a Federally or State recognized Indian Tribe); Asian Pacific Americans (persons with origins from Burma, Thailand, Malaysia, Indonesia, Singapore, Brunei, Japan, China (including Hong Kong), Taiwan, Laos, Cambodia (Kampuchea), Vietnam, Korea, The Philippines, U.S. Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands (Republic of Palau), Republic of the Marshall Islands, Federated States of Micronesia, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, Samoa, Macao, Fiji, Tonga, Kiribati, Tuvalu, or Nauru); Subcontinent Asian Americans (persons with origins from India, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Sri Lanka, Bhutan, the Maldives, Islands or Nepal)...
- (U) 13 CFR 124.104 Who is economically disadvantaged?
 (a) General. Economically disadvantaged individuals are socially disadvantaged individuals whose ability to compete in the free enterprise system has been impaired due to diminished capital and credit opportunities as compared to others in the same or similar line of business who are not socially disadvantaged.
- (U) 31 U.S.C. § 3802 False Claims and Statements; liability
 (a) . . . (2) Any person who makes, presents, or submits, or causes to be made, presented, or submitted, a written statement that
 - (A) the person knows or has reason to know-
 - (i) asserts a material fact which is false, fictitious, or fraudulent; or
 - (ii) (1) omits a material fact; and
 - (II) is false, fictitious, or fraudulent as a result of such omission:
 - (B) in the case of a statement described in clause (ii) of subparagraph (A), is a statement in which the person making, presenting, or submitting such statement has a duty to include such material fact; and
 - (C) contains or is accompanied by an express certification or affirmation of the truthfulness and accuracy of the contents of the statement, shall be subject to, in addition to any other remedy that may be prescribed by law, a civil penalty of not more than \$5,000 for each such statement.
- (U) Federal Acquisition Regulation, Part 3 Improper Business Practices and Personal Conflicts of Interest, Subpart 3.1 – Safeguards

3.101-1 Standards of Conduct, General.

Government business shall be conducted in a manner above reproach and, except as authorized by statute or regulation, with complete impartiality and with preferential treatment for none. Transactions relating to the expenditure of public funds require the highest degree of public trust and an impeccable standard of conduct.

- (U) Federal Acquisition Regulation, Part 3 Improper Business Practices and Personal Conflicts of Interest, Subpart 3.10 – Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct
 - 3.1002 Policy.
 - (a) Government contractors must conduct themselves with the highest degree of integrity and honesty.



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| (II/#OUO) I. 2005 | | |
| (U/ /FOUO) In 2005, managers identified a potential conflict of interest with work and and | | |
| resigned from the company to work solely for In February 2006, | | |
| was approved by the SBA for its 8a Business Development (BD) program (Appendix B). All submissions to the SBA including periodic re-certification | | |
| documentation were true and correct. Throughout enrollment in the 8a | | |
| a qualifying socially and economically disadvantaged | | |
| individual, has owned 51% of the company despite what he told NSA Security in 2014. | ſ | |
| (D) (O) | | |
| (U//FQUO) During the security interview, stated that | | |
| actually only owned 40% because it "popped into his mind" during the confusion and stress caused by the polygraph. He further explained that at one time, prior to | | |
| the company's entry into the 8a BD program, the ownership ratio was in fact | | |
| and each owning 40% when oined the company a | l | |
| 20%. However, during the time they were a part of the 8a BD Program they met the SBA's ownership criteria. | | |
| | | |
| • 2.• (U// FQUO) Attorneys and of provided the following information on 27 | | |
| May 2015 on behalf of their client. | | |
| (b) (3) -P.L. 86-36 (b) (6) (U// FOUO) In the 2003 was originally formed on essentially equal terms | | |
| • between two partners. 51%) and (49%). Shortly | | |
| • thereafter was invited into the company at a 20% ownership share. | | |
| Upon entry into the SBA's 8a BD Program in 2006, the ownership ratio was 20%, which comports with | ١. | |
| eligibility requirements. | ٠. | |
| (U// FOUO) At the end of each year, writes a personal check as a gift to | •••• | |
| so that they have equal shares of the profit at 40% each with the | | |
| remaining 20% allocated to so because he and severe the original | | (b) (6) |
| founders of the company on equal terms and he believes it's the "right thing to | | D) (0) |
| do." All financial documents including tax returns provided to the SBA are true. | | |
| correct, and certified by their Certified Public Accountant (CPA). | | |
| (U// FOUO) has given yearly monetary gifts to in the | | |
| following amounts: | | |
| 2007 | | |
| 2008 | | |
| 2009 | | |
| 2011 - | | |
| • | | |

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| 2012 2013 | | |
| (U// FOUO) He has not provided a gift for 2014 because the company is amending its tax return for that year. | <u>.</u> | |
| (U//FOUO) According to and is clearly the majority owner of because, as the president of the company, he makes all the business decisions. He approves the business plans, provides the strategies, approves all contract terms and negotiations, and appoints the department heads within the business. | | |
| V. (U) Analysis | | |
| (U// FOUO) The Federal Acquisition Regulations (FAR), Subpart 19.802, "Selecting Concerns for the 8a Program" assigns responsibility for selecting concerns for the 8a Program to the SBA based on criteria established in 13 CFR 124.101-112. | w g | |
| (U//FOUO) The SBA awarded its 8a BD certification on 2 February 2006. Despite evidence that suggests that may not have had 51 percent unconditional ownership of and may have misrepresented its ownership information to gain 8a BD status, the SBA has indicated that it does not intend to investigate the matter further. SBA determined, in accordance with established criteria, that the company was eligible for 8a status, and SBA does not plan to investigate or readdress that determination. Because the determination of 8a eligibility belongs to the SBA, the NSA QIG is unable to establish whether the company misrepresented its ownership information to the SBA to meet the requirements of the 8a BD program and, thereby, receive favorable consideration for contracts with the NSA. | | 86-36 |
| VI. (U) Conclusion | | · |
| (U//FOUO) Unsubstantiated. Based on the evidence in this case, the OIG did not find a preponderance of evidence that misrepresented its ownership information to the SBA to meet the requirements of the 8a BD program and, thereby, received favorable consideration for contracts with the NSA. | | |
| VII. (U) Recommendation | | |
| (U// FOUO) In accordance with the information contained herein, this case should be closed. | * | |
| Enclosures: | | |
| SBA Letter SBA Profile | | j |